

WP2_HUMAN CAPACITY BUILDING

 $\left(Wp2.7\right)$ Practical toolkit on organization and management of iros

Rosario Asián Chaves (director) Maurizio Cisi (coordinator) Francesca Alice Centrone Barbara D'Agati Martina D'Emidio

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Chapter 1

Introduction

In the current globalization process, the competence of institutional strategies is fundamental to achieving an efficient internationalization process. In this regard, the International Relations Offices (IROs) of the Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) may play a significant role in their own institutions' development.

"Internationalization is defined as the process of integrating an international, intercultural or global dimension into the purpose, functions or delivery of postsecondary education. This definition defines internationalization as an ongoing process of making something international, not just a set of activities" (Knight 2005).

This manual (practical toolkit) has been drafted in the framework of the UNICAC project "University Cooperation Framework of Knowledge Transfer in Central Asia and China" implemented between January 2018 and October 2022. Funded by the European Commission through the KA2 – Capacity Building for Higher Education action of the Erasmus+ programme, the UNICAC project aims to increase the potentials for international and cross- regional cooperation of HEIs in Uzbekistan, Tajikistan and China trough a set of capacity building activities for International Relations Offices (IROs), thus contributing to better international networking, enhancement and better exploitation of their potentials for cooperation in Teaching, Learning and Research (T/L/R). Why a toolkit? The objective of WP2 is to provide the staff of Partner Countries –PC- International Relations Offices (technical coordinators and technicians) with managerial expertise and specific skills and tools in several thematic areas related to the efficient administration of IROs and development of International Relations and Intellectual capital -IC- policies, and services. This has been achieved through specific training prepared and delivered by the EU Higher Education Institutions – HEIs - staff members participating in the project. Each of the four Training Modules has been carefully prepared to take into account the PC HEIs needs and EU partners' expertise, as well as the intercultural dimension and according to a Train the Trainer Approach.

The training period has been carefully phased along the first year of the project and it was supposed to finish with a practical training in May 2020 (currently postponed due to the Covid-19 pandemic), which also included an online workshop about the management of International Mobility for training and research purposes (delivered by INCOMA on June, 3rd 2020). After theoretical training, participants were supposed to accomplish short learning mobilities to EU HEIs to test the knowledge learned in a Job Shadowing Program. Such mobilities have been currently postponed until 2022 due to the Covid-19 emergency.

The WP2 foresees also the development of a Manual on the Organization and Management of IROs, a practical working toolkit to be continuously updated and improved, and disseminated in the different workshops and conferences scheduled at the national level in each PC to spread and maximize the impact of the UNICAC Project.

1. Criteria and methodological Approach

Internationalization applied to higher education institutions (HEIs) can be described as "the process of integrating an international,

intercultural or global dimension into the purpose, functions or delivery of post-secondary education" (Knight 2003: 2). According to Knight (1997), Internationalization requires two complementary strategies to enhance the international dimensions of the HEIs: program strategies and organizational strategies. The former includes the more "conventional" education, research, and university services, and the latter involves organizational initiatives to facilitate the international dimension through management issues (Delgado-Márquez et al., 2011).

In the framework of the UNICAC Project, to collect feedback, expectations, and contributions from all partners we first used the UNI-CAC platform, then we drafted and shared a specific questionnaire, and finally, we dedicated also a section of the platform PADLET (which was apparently easily accessible by all countries and HEIs) to collect useful inputs.

The main desired and expected goals and outcomes firstly related to WP2 of the UNICAC project can be synthesized as follows:

- to define criteria and methodological approach for improvement functions of IROs;
- to improve the capacity building of universities in Internationalization of Education;
- to provide quality education and prepare for International Accreditation;
- to increase the number and the quality of the international mobility of students and staff;
- to improve and provide recommendations on staff selection for IROs with abilities to work with foreigners and projects;
- quality control and feedback mechanisms;
- knowledge transfer among partner Universities in Internationalization of Universities;

- to improve the Internationalization of research activities, participation in International Programs/Projects;
- to develop a Joint Ph.D. Programs;
- to increase international student recruitment Dissemination of Pamphlet;
- to improve the development of research and educational activities;
- to enhance the capacity building of HR at International Relations and improve office work.

2. Human Capacity Building in HEIs: challenges and implications between Human Capital (HC) and Intellectual Capital (IC)

Worldwide, most nations and institutions increasingly view Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) as crucial to providing the Human Capital to allow countries to be (or become) more competitive in the global economy (Fairweather & Blalock 2015; Jongbloed 2010). Quality and Access are two important keywords for Human and Intellectual Capital and HEIs, and they are strictly connected to the growth of quality assurance, accreditation, and other mechanisms of quality in mass higher education systems (Huisman & Westerheijden, 2010). The Bologna Process and Lisbon Strategy in Europe can be considered an interesting case study for their intention to create greater access to and mobility within HEIs through international cooperation and academic exchanges. The Lisbon Strategy of 2000 officially declared the crucial role of HEIs in the economic future of Europe. To promote student mobility, key components of the Bologna Process were a common credit system for student work and a common structure for Bachelor's and Master's Degrees. Many EU HEIs increased their offer of courses in English to encourage greater student mobility (Huisman et al. 2015).

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This document is one of the outcomes planned within the UNICAC project, whose objective is to develop practical tools for the organization and management of International Relations Offices.

The UNICAC project, coordinated by the Universidad de Sevilla, aims to enhance the potential for International Cooperation among HEIs from Uzbekistan, China and Tajikistan through a set of capacity building activities for International Relations and other partners' stakeholders in the abovementioned countries from Central Asia and China.

